COUNTY OF COLUSA COLUSA, CALIFORNIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	4
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	9
Statement of Activities	10
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	11
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	14
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	15
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	16
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund	39
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	40
Schedule of Pension Contributions	41
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	42

TABLE OF CONTENTS

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Combining Balance Sheet – All Non-major Funds	43
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Non-major Funds	44
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – All Agency Funds	45
Organization	46
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	47
Schedule of Instructional Time	48
Schedule of Charter Schools	49
Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report to Audited Financial Statements	50
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	51
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	52
Notes to Supplementary Information	53
OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations	55
Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	57
Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance	59
FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	61
Status of Prior Year Audit Findings	65



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Colusa Unified School District Colusa, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Colusa Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Colusa Unified School District (the "District"), as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual - General Fund, Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Pension Contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2017 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants Sacramento, California November 7, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government - Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the Statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the two categories of activities: governmental and fiduciary.

The *Governmental Activities* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Fiduciary Activities only report a balance sheet and do not have a measurement focus.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Colusa Unified School District.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District activities are reported as follows:

Governmental Activities – The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, finance these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are required to be established by State and Federal law.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measure cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic service it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's combined net position, as of June 30, 2017, was (\$4,657,598) reflecting an increase in debt/unearned income. The increase is due to capital outlay expenditures due to improvements made with funds from General Obligation Bond funds and planning for use of the Career Technical Education Incentive Grant (CTEIG). The CTEIG funds must be spent by June 30, 2019. At this time the Net Position should increase.

Change in Net Position

The District's total revenues increased 1.6% to \$16,902,556. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students (72.08%). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for 7.42% of total costs.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page 10, the net cost of all of our governmental activities was \$15,131,064 and \$13,022,801 for June 30, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

The Statement of Activities reflects the net cost of each of the District's largest functions – instruction, pupil support services, maintenance and operations, administration, and other costs. Included in this table are each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

	June 30,	June 30,		Percentage
	2016	2017	Change	Change
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 9,016,370	\$ 4,534,224	\$ (4,482,146)	-49.7%
Capital assets	5,250,489	9,218,797	3,968,308	75.6%
Total assets	14,266,859	13,753,021	(513,838)	-3.6%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,811,928	3,241,866	1,429,938	78.9%
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	2,466,745	1,578,854	(887,891)	-36.0%
Long-term liabilities	16,799,116	19,330,512	2,531,396	15.1%
Total liabilities	19,265,861	20,909,366	1,643,505	8.5%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,056,236	743,119	(313,117)	-29.6%
Net Position				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	3,050,254	3,429,810	379,556	12.4%
Restricted	567,746	877,883	310,137	54.6%
Unrestricted	(7,861,310)	(8,965,291)	(1,103,981)	-14.0%
Total net position	\$ (4,243,310)	\$ (4,657,598)	\$ (414,288)	-9.8%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

				Percentage
	2016	 2017	 Change	Change
Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 123,518	\$ 135,614	\$ 12,096	9.8%
Operating grants and contributions	2,271,326	2,050,166	(221,160)	-9.7%
Taxes levied for general purposes	3,107,537	3,429,496	321,959	10.4%
Taxes levied for debt service	292,184	369,640	77,456	100.0%
Federal and state aid not restricted				
for specific purposes	10,307,023	10,255,907	(51,116)	-0.5%
Interest and investment earnings	146,066	(2,126)	(148,192)	-101.5%
Interagency revenues	201,943	184,718	(17,225)	-8.5%
Miscellaneous	181,423	479,141	297,718	164.1%
Special and extraordinary items	-	-	-	100%
Total revenues	16,631,020	 16,902,556	 271,536	1.6%
Expenses				
Instruction	8,967,765	9,668,154	700,389	7.8%
Instruction-related services	941,448	1,179,114	237,666	25.2%
Pupil services	1,323,564	1,633,619	310,055	23.4%
General administration	962,906	1,284,856	321,950	33.4%
Plant services	1,667,860	1,772,951	105,091	6.3%
Ancillary services	189,116	195,195	6,079	3.2%
Community services	1,935	2,416	481	24.9%
Interest on long-term debt	441,114	9,253	(431,861)	-97.9%
Other outgo	712,345	990,875	278,530	39.1%
Depreciation (unallocated)	209,592	580,411	370,819	176.9%
Total expenses	15,417,645	 17,316,844	 1,899,199	12.3%
Change in net position	\$ 1,213,375	\$ (414,288)	\$ (1,627,663)	-134.1%

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the school year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,331,164 which is a decrease of \$3,515,070 from last year due mainly to spending the majority of the Bond Funds and expending 1 million of Developer Fee Funds in Capital Facilities fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May revised figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revises its budget at First and Second Interim and any other time there are significant changes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2017

ECONOMIC FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- Student enrollment and attendance are primary factors in the computation of most funding formulas for public schools in the State of California. Enrollment is expected to increase during fiscal year 2017-18.
- ➤ The State's economic and budget situation made a positive impact on the District's budget beginning 2013-14 and has continued into 2017-18.
- > The future predictions require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the resources to meet student needs over the next several years.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, contact the: District Office, Colusa Unified School District, 745 Tenth Street, Colusa, California 95932-2220.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,176,048
Receivables	316,591
Prepaid expenses	35,740
Stores inventories	5,845
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	9,218,797
Total Assets	13,753,021
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows on pensions (note 6)	3,241,866
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	810,251
Unearned revenue	428,943
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	339,660
Due in more than one year	19,330,512
Total Liabilities	20,909,366
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred bond premium revenue	305,634
Deferred inflows on pensions (note 6)	437,485
Total deferred inflows	743,119
NET POSITION	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	3,429,810
Restricted	877,883
Unrestricted	(8,965,291)
Total Net Position	\$ (4,657,598)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
		_		arges for	G	Derating rants and		vernmental		
		Expenses	<u> </u>	ervices	Co	ntributions	tributions Activities			
Governmental Activities	¢	0 ((0 1 5 4	¢	17 520	¢	1.050.446	¢	(0,500,170)		
Instruction	\$	9,668,154	\$	17,538	\$	1,058,446	\$	(8,592,170)		
Instruction-related services:										
Instructional library, media and		(0.02(((0.02()		
technology		60,936		-		-		(60,936)		
School site administration		1,118,178		-		92,600		(1,025,578)		
Pupil Services:										
Home-to-school transportation		298,637		-		-		(298,637)		
Food services		705,935		107,653		614,397		16,115		
All other pupil services		629,047		-		81,040		(548,007)		
General administration:										
Centralized data processing		427,786		-		-		(427,786)		
All other general administration		857,070		3,389		45,822		(807,859)		
Plant services		1,772,951		7,034		156,041		(1,609,876)		
Ancillary services		195,195		-		1,820		(193,375)		
Community services		2,416		-		-		(2,416)		
Interest on long-term debt		9,253		-		-		(9,253)		
Other outgo		990,875		-		-		(990,875)		
Depreciation (unallocated)		580,411		-		-		(580,411)		
Total governmental activities	\$	17,316,844	\$	135,614	\$	2,050,166	_	(15,131,064)		

General Revenues

Taxes and subventions:	
Taxes levied for general purposes	3,429,496
Taxes levied for debt service	369,640
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes	10,255,907
Interest and investment earnings	(2,126)
Interagency revenues	184,718
Miscellaneous	479,141
Total general revenues	14,716,776
Change in net position	(414,288)
Net Position - July 1, 2016	(4,243,310)
Net Position - June 30, 2017	\$ (4,657,598)

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

	 General Fund	B	uilding Fund	N	All on-Major Funds	 Total
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,417,170	\$	739,044	\$	1,019,834	\$ 4,176,048
Accounts receivable	316,341		-		250	316,591
Prepaid Expenses	35,740		-		-	35,740
Due from other funds	69,214		-		-	69,214
Inventory	 -		-		5,845	 5,845
Total Assets	\$ 2,838,465	\$	739,044	\$	1,025,929	\$ 4,603,438
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 581,578	\$	162,580	\$	29,959	\$ 774,117
Unearned revenue	428,943		-		-	428,943
Due to other funds	 -		-		69,214	 69,214
Total Liabilities	 1,010,521		162,580		99,173	 1,272,274
Fund balances						
Nonspendable	66,090		-		5,845	71,935
Restricted	102,000		576,464		199,419	877,883
Committed	1,192,973		-		721,492	1,914,465
Unassigned	 466,881		-		-	 466,881
Total Fund Balances	 1,827,944		576,464		926,756	3,331,164
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 2,838,465	\$	739,044	\$	1,025,929	\$ 4,603,438

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2017

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$	3,331,164
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.			
Capital assets at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Net	\$ 18,389,961 (9,171,164)		9,218,797
Unamortized costs: In governmental funds, debt issuance premiums, gain or loss on refunding, and defeasance costs are recognized as expenditures in the period they are incurred. In the government-wide statements, these amounts are amortized over the life of the debt. Unamortized premiums consist of:			(305,634)
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long- term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:			(36,134)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
General obligation bonds payable Net Pension Liability Supplemental Employee Retirement Program Compensated absences payable Capital leases payable Golden Handshake STRS	\$ 5,710,000 13,366,413 295,974 87,890 78,987 130,908		
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pension are reported.		((19,670,172)
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions			3,241,866
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions			(437,485)
Total net position - governmental activities The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.		\$	(4,657,598) 12

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	General Fund	Building Fund	All Non-Major Funds	Total
REVENUES				
LCFF sources	\$ 13,101,675	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,101,675
Federal revenue	418,802	-	626,822	1,045,624
Other state revenues	1,541,213	-	49,754	1,590,967
Other local revenues	640,599	(5,464)	529,155	1,164,290
Total revenues	15,702,289	(5,464)	1,205,731	16,902,556
EXPENDITURES				
Certificated salaries	6,364,096	-	-	6,364,096
Classified salaries	2,129,828	-	268,260	2,398,088
Employee benefits	3,229,247	-	100,313	3,329,560
Books and supplies	790,479	-	295,344	1,085,823
Services and other operating expenditures	1,409,654	4,790	61,752	1,476,196
Capital outlay	636,702	3,229,448	677,940	4,544,090
Other outgo	930,211	-	21,268	951,479
Debt service expenditures				
Principal	49,803	-	-	49,803
Interest	5,241		213,250	218,491
Total expenditures	15,545,261	3,234,238	1,638,127	20,417,626
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	157,028	(3,239,702)	(432,396)	(3,515,070)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	_	-	17,413	17,413
Operating transfers out	(17,413)	-	-	(17,413)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(17,413)		17,413	
Net change in fund balances	139,615	(3,239,702)	(414,983)	(3,515,070)
Fund balances, July 1, 2016	1,688,329	3,816,166	1,341,739	6,846,234
Fund balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 1,827,944	\$ 576,464	\$ 926,756	\$ 3,331,164

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (3,515,070)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:	
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:	
Expenditures for capital outlay:\$ 4,548,719Depreciation expense:(580,411)	3,968,308
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:	49,803
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period was:	(17,397)
Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measure by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:	(10,022)
Supplementary Employee Retirement Program (SERP): In governmental funds, SERP costs are recognized when employer payments are made. In the statement of activities, SERP costs are recognized on the accrual basis. The difference between SERP costs and actual employer payments was:	58,615
Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources: In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits financed over time. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:	
State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS) Golden Handshake	26,182
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made in the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:	(988,092)
Amortization of debt issue premium or discount or deferred gain or loss from debt refunding: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount, plus any deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount, or	
deferred gain or loss from debt refunding, for the period is:	 13,385
Total change in net position - governmental activities	\$ (414,288)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

STUDENT BODY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2017

Assets: Cash in county treasury	\$ 59,173
Total Assets	\$ 59,173
Liabilities: Due to student groups	59,173
Total Liabilities	\$ 59,173

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. HISTORY OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Colusa Unified School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of California. It is governed by a five member Governing Board elected by registered voters of the District, which comprises an area in Colusa County. The District serves students in grades kindergarten through twelfth.

B. REPORTING ENTITY

The District has reviewed criteria to determine whether other entities with activities that benefit the District should be included within its financial reporting entity. The criteria include, but are not limited to, whether the entity exercises oversight responsibility (which includes financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters), the scope of public service, and a special financing relationship.

The District has determined that no outside entity meets the above criteria, and therefore, no agency has been included as a component unit in the District's financial statements. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity that would exercise such oversight responsibility that would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

C. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District prepares its financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) and complies with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*.

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District and its component units. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

D. BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements are met. Expenses are recorded when liabilities are incurred.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements (i.e., balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances) are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

E. MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used, or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

F. FUND ACCOUNTING

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into major, non-major, and fiduciary funds as follows:

Governmental Funds

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District, not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

The **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The **Cafeteria Fund** is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program.

The **Capital Projects Funds** are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment.

The **Building Fund** is used primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (Education Code Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

F. FUND ACCOUNTING (CONTINUED)

The **Capital Facilities Fund** is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code sections 17620–17626).

The **Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

The **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (Education Code Sections 15125-15262).

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of other parties in a trustee or agent capacity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. Fiduciary funds are presented on an economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

The **Agency Funds** are used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains accounts for student body activities at each school site.

G. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for all governmental funds. By State law, the District's Governing Board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's Governing Board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Governing Board and Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

H. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

I. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District is authorized to maintain cash in banks and revolving funds that are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq.

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation; obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

J. PREPAID EXPENSES/EXPENDITURES

The District has the option of reporting expenditures in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to recognize expenditures when incurred. Prepaid expenses include the costs of issuance associated with bond issues, which are amortized over the life of the bond obligation. Reported expenses are equally offset by a net position reserve, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

K. INVENTORY

Inventory in the Cafeteria Fund consists mainly of consumable supplies held for future use and are valued at average cost. Inventories are recorded as expenditures at the time individual inventory items are transferred from the warehouse to schools. Maintenance and other supplies held for physical plant repair, transportation supplies, and operating supplies are not included in inventories; rather, these amounts are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

The Cafeteria Fund records supplies expense which includes a handling charge for the delivery of government surplus food commodities. The state does not require the Cafeteria Fund to record the fair market value of these commodities. The supplies expenditures would have been greater had the District paid fair market value for the government surplus commodities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

L. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all capital assets is computed using a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives as follows: buildings and improvements, 5 to 50 years; furniture and equipment, 2 to 15 years; and vehicles, 8 years.

M. UNEARNED REVENUE

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures.

N. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

O. DEFERRED INFLOWS AND OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

P. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for specific future use. These amounts are not available for appropriation and expenditure at the balance sheet date.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then, unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

Q. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", the District is required to report fund balances in the following categories: Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and/or Unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance reflects assets not in spendable form, either because they will never convert to cash (e.g. prepaid expense) or must remain intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements.

Restricted Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be spent only for the *specific purposes* stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance reflects amounts that can be used only for the *specific purposes* determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority: the Board of Trustees. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Trustees.

Assigned Fund Balance reflects amounts intended to be used by the government for *specific purposes* but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees is authorized to assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned Fund Balance represents the residual classification for the government's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes of which restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned, respectively.

R. LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA/PROPERTY TAX

The District's local control funding formula is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The County of Colusa is responsible for assessing, collecting and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Property taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternative method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California Revenue and Taxation Code. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll, approximately October 1 of each year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

R. LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA/PROPERTY TAX (CONTINUED)

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local control funding formula (LCFF) sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District's local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the State General Fund, and is known as the state apportionment.

S. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Colusa Unified School District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) plans (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and CalSTRS, respectively. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents as of June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

		Fiduciary Activities		
Cash in County Treasury Cash in revolving fund	\$	4,143,749 32,299	\$	59,173 -
	\$	4,176,048	\$	59,173

A. CASH IN REVOLVING FUNDS

Cash in revolving fund consists of all cash maintained in commercial bank accounts that are used as revolving funds. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation.

B. CASH IN COUNTY TREASURY

County pool investments consist of District cash held by the Colusa County Treasury that is invested in the county investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts that are based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The weighted average maturity of the pool is 371 days. The pool is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's.

Interest Rate Risk. California Government Code Section 53601 limits the District's investments to maturities of five years. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Fair Value Measurements. Investments, including derivative instruments that are not hedging derivatives, are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Recurring fair value measurements are those that Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period. Fair value measurements are categorized based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments' fair value measurements at June 30, 2017 are as shown below.

]	Level 1	I	Level 2	Le	vel 3		Total
\$	816,678	\$	-	\$	-	\$	816,678
	1,997,884		1,388,360		-		3,386,244
	2,814,562		1,388,360		-		4,202,922
	\$	1,997,884	\$ 816,678 \$ 1,997,884	\$ 816,678 \$ - 1,997,884 1,388,360	\$ 816,678 \$ - \$ 1,997,884 1,388,360	\$ 816,678 \$ - \$ - 1,997,884 1,388,360 -	\$ 816,678 \$ - \$ - \$ 1,997,884 1,388,360 -

3. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers.

Interfund Receivables/Payables

As of June 30, 2017, the interfund receivable and payable balances were as follows:

	 terfund ceivable	 nterfund ayable
Major Funds		
General Fund	\$ 69,214	\$ -
Nonmajor Fund		
Cafeteria Fund	 -	 69,214
Total	\$ 69,214	\$ 69,214

Interfund Transfers

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the interfund transfers were as follows:

Transfer from General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for Direct	
Program Support.	\$ 17,413
Total Transfers	\$ 17,413

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

Non-depreciable assets:	Balance July 1, 2016		Additions and Transfers		Deductions and Transfers		Balance June 30, 2017	
Land	\$	801,813	\$	-	\$	-	\$	801,813
Work in progress		2,337,909		-	(2	,337,909)		-
		3,139,722		-	(2	,337,909)		801,813
Depreciable assets:								
Sites and improvements		799,556		52,496		-		852,052
Building and improvements		8,583,980	6	6,666,345		-		15,250,325
Furniture and equipment		1,404,911		167,787	(86,927)		1,485,771	
		10,788,447	6	6,886,628		(86,927)		17,588,148
Totals, at cost		13,928,169		6,886,628	(2	,424,836)		18,389,961
Accumulated depreciation:								
Sites and improvements		(659,149)		(17,226)		-		(676,375)
Building and improvements		(7,287,774)		(493,019)		-		(7,780,793)
Furniture and equipment		(730,757)		(70,166)		86,927		(713,996)
		(8,677,680)		(580,411)		86,927		(9,171,164)
Depreciable assets, net		2,110,767	6	6,306,217		-		8,416,984
Capital assets, net	\$	5,250,489	\$ 6	5,306,217	\$ (2	,337,909)	\$	9,218,797

The entire amount of depreciation expense was unallocated in the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is shown below:

	_	Balance y 1, 2016	Ad	ditions	De	ductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2017	Due Within ne Year
Capital Leases	\$	128,790	\$	-	\$	49,803	\$	78,987	\$ 52,070
Golden Handshake STRS		157,090		-		26,182		130,908	33,726
Compensated Absences		77,868		10,022		-		87,890	87,890
G.O. Bonds		5,710,000		-		-		5,710,000	100,000
Net Pension Liability	1	0,648,651	2	2,717,762		-		13,366,413	-
Supplemental Employer Retirement Program		354,589		50,000		108,615		295,974	 65,974
	\$ 1	7,076,988	\$ 2	2,777,784	\$	184,600	\$	19,670,172	\$ 339,660

The General Fund makes payments for the capital leases. The accrued vacation (compensated absences) and the Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (SERP) will be paid by the fund for which the employee works. Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Building Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

In April 2015, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2014 Series 2015 totaling \$5,900,000. Repayment of the Bonds is made from ad valorem property taxes levied and collected by Colusa County. The Serial and Term Bonds bear interest rates from 3% to 4% and are scheduled to mature through 2040.

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

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Year Ended			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 100,000	\$ 213,250	\$ 313,250
2019	120,000	210,250	330,250
2020	120,000	206,650	326,650
2021	130,000	203,050	333,050
2022	140,000	199,150	339,150
2023-2027	885,000	925,100	1,810,100
2028-2032	1,235,000	739,800	1,974,800
2033-2037	1,705,000	457,000	2,162,000
2038-2042	1,275,000	96,800	1,371,800
Totals	\$ 5,710,000	\$ 3,251,050	\$8,961,050

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Leases

In October 2003, the district entered into a 15 year capital lease agreement to provide financing for a project for the acquisition and installation of a mechanical retrofit and energy management project in the amount of \$595,730 at 4.5% annual percentage rate. The leases have future minimum payments as follows:

Year Ended]	Lease	
June 30,	Payment		
2018	\$	55,045	
2019		27,521	
Totals		82,566	
Less: Amount Representing Interest		(3,579)	
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	78,987	

Supplemental Employee Retirement Program

The District adopted an additional early retirement incentive program subject to a lifetime cap of \$50,000. The District will pay up to \$10,000 annually toward a District provided health and welfare benefit plan on behalf of retirees who meet certain criteria. The retiree must be at least 55 years of age and have 10 years of consecutive service within the District immediately preceding his/her retirement. Payment towards the District provided health and welfare benefit package selected by the retiree shall continue until the retiree's death or until the District has paid the total capped amount of \$50,000, whichever comes first. In 2015-16, six new retirees elected to participate in the retirement incentive program. In 2016-17, one new retiree elected to participate in the retirement incentive program. Future estimated payments at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

Year Ended					
June 30,	Principal				
2018	\$	65,974			
2019		70,000			
2020		70,000			
2021		70,000			
2022		10,000			
2023-2027		10,000			
Totals	\$	295,974			

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), and classified employees are members of the Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS).

Plan Description

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS)

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement System (STRS), a cost-sharing, multipleemployer, public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by STRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the STRS annual financial report may be obtained from the STRS, 7667 Folsom Boulevard, Sacramento, California 95826.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

	CalP	ERS	CalS	ГRS
	Prior to	On or after	Prior to	On or after
Hire date	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 60	2% @60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service	5 years service
Benefit payments	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life	monthly for life
Retirement age	55	60	60	62
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%	2.0%
Required employee contribution rates	7%	6%	10.25%	9.21%
Required employer contribution rates	13.888%	13.888%	12.58%	12.58%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Contributions

CalPERS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plans are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Colusa Unified School District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees.

STRS

Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for the Plan were:

	CalPERS			STRS	Total		
Contributions - employer	\$	278,742	\$	789,525	\$	1,068,267	
On behalf contributions - state		-	_	383,743	_	383,743	
Total	\$	278,742	\$	1,173,268	\$	1,452,010	

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2017, Colusa Unified School District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Plans' of:

	Propo	rtionate Share
	of Net 1	Pension Liability
CalPERS	\$	3,170,971
STRS		10,195,442
Total Net Pension Liability	\$	13,366,413

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Colusa Unified School District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015 rolled forward to June 30, 2016 using standard update procedures. Colusa Unified School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2015 and 2016 was as follows:

	CalPERS	STRS
Proportion - June 30, 2015	0.01598%	0.01232%
Proportion - June 30, 2016	0.01606%	0.01261%
Change - Increase (Decrease)	0.00007%	0.00029%

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$314,517 and \$673,574 for CalPERS and STRS, respectively. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	CalPERS				STRS			Total				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	278,742	\$	-	\$	1,173,268	\$	-	\$	1,452,010	\$	-
Difference between proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions and actual contributions for 2015-16.		47,472		-		229,218		-		276,690		-
Changes of Assumptions		-		141,779		-		-		-		141,779
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		167,448		-		-		295,706		167,448		295,706
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate share of contributions		58,480		-		531,343		-		589,823		-
Net differences between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		345,227		-		410,668		-		755,895		-
Total	\$	897,369	\$	141,779	\$	2,344,497	\$	295,706	\$	3,241,866	\$	437,485

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

- -- -

_

Year Ended June 30	CalPERS	STRS	0	Total Deferred utflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2018	\$ 102,651	\$ 148,541	\$	251,192
2019	102,651	148,541		251,192
2020	102,651	148,541		251,192
2021	99,850	148,541		248,392
2022	69,045	148,541		217,587
Thereafter	 -	 132,816		132,816
Total	\$ 476,849	\$ 875,523	\$	1,352,372

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalPERS	STRS		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost		
Actuarial Assumptions				
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.60%		
Inflation	2.75%	3.00%		
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%	3.75%		
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service		
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%	7.60%		
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'		
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds		

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

CalPERS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65% for the Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.65 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.65 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained from the CalPERS website under the GASB 68 section.

According to Paragraph 30 of Statement 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The 7.50 percent investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 7.65 percent. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	CalPERS						
Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10(a)	Real Return Years 11+(b)				
Global Equity	47.0%	5.25%	5.71%				
Global Fixed Income	19.0%	0.99%	2.43%				
Inflation Sensitive	6.0%	0.45%	3.36%				
Private Equity	12.0%	6.83%	6.95%				
Real Estate	11.0%	4.50%	5.13%				
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.0%	4.50%	5.09%				
Liquidity	2.0%	-0.55%	-1.05%				
	100.0%						

(a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

(b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

STRS

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

6. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate (Continued)

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	STRS				
Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of			
Global Equity	47.0%	4.50%			
Private Equity	13.0%	6.20%			
Real Estate	13.0%	4.35%			
Fixed Income	12.0%	0.20%			
Absolute Return/Risk Mitigating Strategies	9.0%	3.20%			
Inflation Sensitive	4.0%	3.20%			
Cash/Liquidity	2.0%	0.00%			
Total	100%				

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_			CalPERS		
	Discount Rate - 1%		Current Discount Rate (7.65%)		Disco	unt Rate + 1%
	(6.65%)				(8.65%)	
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	4,731,107	\$	3,170,971	\$	1,871,851
				STRS		
	Disco	unt Rate - 1%	Curi	ent Discount	Disco	unt Rate + 1%
	(6.60%)		Rate (7.60%)			(8.60%)
Plan's Net Pension Liability	\$	14,673,541	\$	10,195,442	\$	6,476,194

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS and STRS financial reports.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2017, the District had no outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plans required for the year ended June 30, 2017.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

7. FUND BALANCES

The District reports fund balances in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54. All fund balance categories are reported in the aggregate on the face of the balance sheet. All components of those fund balances and specific purposes are identified as follows:

	General Fund	Building Fund	All Non-Major Funds	Total
Nonspendable:				
Inventory	\$ -	\$-	\$ 5,845	\$ 5,845
Prepaid Expenses	35,740	-	-	35,740
Revolving Cash	30,350	-	-	30,350
Total Nonspendable	66,090	-	5,845	71,935
Restricted:				
Child Nutrition: School Programs	-	-	199,419	199,419
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	32,796	-	-	32,796
College Readiness Block Grant	69,204	-	-	69,204
Bond Projects	-	576,464	-	576,464
Total Restricted	102,000	576,464	199,419	877,883
Committed:				
Other Commitments	1,192,973		721,492	1,914,465
Unassigned:				
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties	466,881			466,881
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,827,944	\$ 576,464	\$ 926,756	\$ 3,331,164

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

8. JOINT VENTURES

The District is a member of three joint powers authorities (JPAs). The District pays an annual premium to the entities for their coverage. The relationship between the District, the pools, and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

The District is a member of the following joint powers authorities (JPAs):

	Tri-Counties SIG June 30, 2016*		Ju	NVSIG ne 30, 2017	SELF June 30, 2016*		
Total Assets	\$	16,130,783	\$	3,274,714	\$	138,820,266	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		60,734		-		266,414	
Total Liabilities		10,190,026		1,708,375		117,306,926	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		50,321				245,133	
Net Position		5,951,170		1,566,339		21,534,621	
Revenues Expenditures	\$	52,514,634 49,578,708	\$	13,093,602 13,136,777	\$	13,898,598 24,553,606	
Change in Net Position	\$	2,935,926	\$	(43,175)	\$	(10,655,008)	

* Latest available audited financial reports.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2017

9. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. If the review or audit discloses exceptions, the District may incur a liability to grantor agencies.

10. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District's management evaluated its June 30, 2017 financial statements for subsequent events through November 7, 2017, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Management is not aware of any subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

	Bud	lget		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
				(0.1111-01111-0)
REVENUES				
LCFF sources	\$ 13,077,903	\$ 13,107,390	\$ 13,101,675	\$ (5,715)
Federal revenue	392,007	396,545	418,802	22,257
Other state revenues	1,675,882	1,727,524	1,541,213	(186,311)
Other local revenues	247,371	710,796	640,599	(70,197)
Total revenues	15,393,163	15,942,255	15,702,289	(239,966)
EXPENDITURES				
Certificated salaries	6,353,368	6,365,344	6,364,096	1,248
Classified salaries	2,179,507	2,171,313	2,129,828	41,485
Employee benefits	3,150,485	3,229,759	3,229,247	512
Books and supplies	928,188	1,082,887	790,479	292,408
Services and other operating				
expenditures	1,433,758	1,534,053	1,409,654	124,399
Capital outlay	849,644	872,477	636,702	235,775
Other outgo	860,330	948,501	930,211	18,290
Debt service expenditures				
Principal	49,803	49,803	49,803	-
Interest	5,242	5,242	5,241	1
Total expenditures	15,810,325	16,259,379	15,545,261	714,118
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(417,162)	(317,124)	157,028	474,152
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Operating transfers in	20,000	20,000	-	20,000
Operating transfers out	(20,000)	(35,000)	(17,413)	17,587
Total other financing sources (uses)		(15,000)	(17,413)	(2,413)
Net change in fund balances	(417,162)	(332,124)	139,615	471,739
Fund balances, July 1, 2016	1,688,329	1,688,329	1,688,329	
Fund balances, June 30, 2017	\$ 1,271,167	\$ 1,356,205	\$ 1,827,944	\$ 471,739

SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CalPERS						
	Jui	ne 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Ju	ne 30, 2016 ⁽¹⁾
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.01507%		0.01598%		0.01606%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,710,826	\$	2,355,805	\$	3,170,971
Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	1,582,126	\$	1,758,040	\$	1,643,109
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as						
percentage of covered-employee payroll		108.13%		134.00%		192.99%
Plans fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		83.38%		79.43%		73.90%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions (3)	\$	181,011	\$	208,275	\$	228,195
STRS						
	Jui	ne 30, 2014	Jur	ne 30, 2015	Jur	ne 30, 2016 ⁽¹⁾
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.01203%		0.01232%		0.01261%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,027,361	\$	8,292,846	\$	10,195,442
Covered-employee payroll (2)	\$	5,356,206	\$	4,731,538	\$	5,358,362
Proportionate Share of the net pension liability as						
percentage of covered-employee payroll		131.20%		175.27%		190.27%
Plans fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total						
pension liability		76.52%		74.02%		70.04%
Proportionate share of aggregate employer contributions (3)	\$	441,887	\$	507,694	\$	674,082

⁽¹⁾ Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

⁽²⁾ Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer.

(3) The plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions may not match the actual contributions made by the employer during the measurement period. The plan's proportionate share of aggregate contributions is based on the plan's proportion of fiduciary net position shown on line 5 of the table above as well as any additional side fund (or unfunded liability) contributions made by the employer during the measurement period.

SCHEDULE OF PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

CalPERS						
	Fiscal Ye	ar 2013-14	Fiscal	Year 2014-15	Fiscal	Year 2015-16 (1)
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2)	\$	181,011	\$	208,275	\$	228,195
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions		(180,976)		(228,381)		(278,742)
Contribution deficiencey (excess)	\$	35	\$	(20,106)	\$	(50,547)
Covered-employee payroll (3)	\$	1,582,126	\$	1,758,040	\$	1,643,109
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll (3)		11.441%		11.847%		13.888%
STRS						
5115						
	Fiscal Ye	ar 2013-14	Fiscal	Year 2014-15	Fiscal	Year 2015-16 (1)
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2)	Fiscal Ye \$	ear 2013-14 441,887	Fiscal \$	Year 2014-15 507,694	<u>Fiscal</u> \$	<u>Year 2015-16</u> ⁽¹⁾ 674,082
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2)						
		441,887		507,694		674,082
Actuarially Determined Contribution (2) Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contributions	\$	441,887 (447,271)	\$	507,694 (685,760)	\$	674,082 (789,525)

(1) Historical information is required only for measurement periods for which GASB 68 is applicable.

(2) Employers are assumed to make contributions equal to the actuarially determined contributions (which is the actuarially determined contribution). However, some employers may choose to make additional contributions towards their side fund or their unfunded liability. Employer contributions for such plans exceed the actuarially determined contributions. CalPERS has determined that employer obligations referred to as "side funds" do not conform to the circumstances described in paragraph 120 of GASB 68, therefore are not considered separately financed specific liabilities.

⁽³⁾ Covered-Employee Payroll represented above is based on pensionable earnings provided by the employer.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A - <u>Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget (Non-GAAP)</u> and Actual - General Fund

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

B - <u>Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</u>

Changes in assumptions

There were no changes in assumptions.

Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only three years are shown.

C - <u>Schedule of Pension Contributions</u>

If an employer's contributions to the plan are actuarially determined or based on statutory or contractual requirements, the employer's actuarially determined contribution to the pension plan (or, if applicable, its statutorily or contractually required contribution), the employer's actual contributions, the difference between the actual and actuarially determined contributions (or statutorily or contractually required), and a ratio of the actual contributions divided by covered-employee payroll.

	CalPERS	STRS		
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015		
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost	Entry-Age Normal Cost		
Actuarial Assumptions				
Discount Rate	7.65%	7.60%		
Inflation	2.75%	3.00%		
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%	3.75%		
Projected Salary Increase	Varies by Entry Age and Service	Varies by Entry Age and Service		
Investment Rate of Return (1)	7.50%	7.60%		
Mortality	Derived using CalPERS'	Derived using STRS'		
	Membership Data for all Funds	Membership Data for all Funds		

(1) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS

	Cafeteria Fund		Capital Facilities Fund		nd Interest Redemption Fund	Total		
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Inventory	\$	270,090 - 5,845	\$	366,505 250 -	\$ 383,239	\$	1,019,834 250 5,845	
Total assets	\$	275,935	\$	366,755	\$ 383,239	\$	1,025,929	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable Due to other funds	\$	1,457 69,214	\$	28,502	\$ -	\$	29,959 69,214	
Total Liabilities		70,671		28,502	 		99,173	
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		5,845		-	-		5,845	
Restricted		199,419			-		199,419	
Committed				338,253	 383,239		721,492	
Total Fund Balance		205,264		338,253	 383,239		926,756	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	275,935	\$	366,755	\$ 383,239	\$	1,025,929	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

ALL AGENCY FUNDS

	-	afe te ria Fund	Capit	al Facilities Fund	and R	d Interest Redemption Fund	Totals
REVENUES							
Federal revenue	\$	626,822	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 626,822
Other state revenues		46,402		-		3,352	49,754
Other local revenues		118,733		44,447		365,975	 529,155
Total revenues		791,957		44,447		369,327	 1,205,731
EXPENDITURES							
Classified salaries		268,260		-		-	268,260
Employee benefits		100,313		-		-	100,313
Books and supplies		294,522		822		-	295,344
Services and other operating expenditures		56,730		5,022		-	61,752
Capital outlay		-		677,940		-	677,940
Other outgo		21,268		-		-	21,268
Debt service expenditures							
Interest		-		-		213,250	 213,250
Total expenditures		741,093		683,784		213,250	 1,638,127
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		50,864		(639,337)		156,077	 (432,396)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Operating transfers in		17,413		-		-	 17,413
Total other financing sources (uses)		17,413				-	 17,413
Net change in fund balances		68,277		(639,337)		156,077	(414,983)
Fund balances, July 1, 2016		136,987		977,590		227,162	 1,341,739
Fund balances, June 30, 2017	\$	205,264	\$	338,253	\$	383,239	\$ 926,756

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

ALL AGENCY FUNDS

Student Body Funds	-	Balance y 1, 2016	A	dditions	D	eletions	 alance 2 30, 2017
Assets: Cash in County Treasury							
Colusa High School	\$	48,340	\$	189,816	\$	(184,108)	\$ 54,048
Egling Middle School		7,305		27,755		(29,935)	5,125
Total Assets	\$	55,645	\$	217,571	\$	(214,043)	\$ 59,173
Liabilities:							
Due to student groups	\$	55,645	\$	3,528	\$	-	\$ 59,173
Total Liabilities	\$	55,645	\$	3,528	\$	_	\$ 59,173

ORGANIZATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The Colusa Unified School District (the District) is located in Colusa, California. The District was organized as a unified school district of the State of California and provides public education for grades transitional kindergarten through twelve within Colusa County. There were no changes to the District boundaries in the current year. The District maintains one elementary school, one middle school, one high school, one continuation high school, and one alternative home school.

GOVERNING BOARD

Name	Office	Term Expires December
Mrs. Kelli Griffith-Garcia	Trustee	2020
Mrs. Kathie Whitesell	President	2018
Mr. Michael Phenicie	Trustee	2020
Mrs. Melissa Yerxa Ortiz	Trustee	2020
Mr. Charles Yerxa	Clerk	2018

ADMINISTRATION

Dwayne Newman Superintendent

Sheryl Parker Chief Business Official

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

	Second	
	Period	Annual
	Report	Report
Elementary		
TK-3	437	437
Fourth through Sixth	318	318
Seventh to Eighth	216	216
Special Education	2	2
	973	973
Secondary		
Ninth through Twelfth	418	415
Special Education	1	1
Continuation Education	12	11
	431	427
	1,404	1,400

SCHEDULE OF INTRUCTIONAL TIME

Grade Level	Standard Minutes Requirement	2016-17 Actual Minutes	Instructional Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	54,500	180	In compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,652	180	In compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,652	180	In compliance
Grade 3	50,400	50,652	180	In compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,652	180	In compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,652	180	In compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,652	180	In compliance
Grade 7	54,000	59,776	180	In compliance
Grade 8	54,000	59,776	180	In compliance
Grade 9	64,800	65,069	180	In compliance
Grade 10	64,800	65,069	180	In compliance
Grade 11	64,800	65,069	180	In compliance
Grade 12	64,800	65,069	180	In compliance

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS

FOR FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Charter Schools Chartered by District

Included in District Financial Statements, or Separate Report

There are currently no charter schools in the District.

RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT TO AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

There were no adjustments made to any funds of the District.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Federal Catalog Number	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
-	nent of Education		
Passed throu	igh California Department of Education		
84.010	NCLB: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	14329	\$ 252,037
84.365	NCLB: Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program	14346	61,309
84.365	NCLB: Title III, Immigrant Education Program	15146	1,925
	Total Title III Cluster		63,234
84.048	Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary,	14894	10,605
	Section 131 (Vocational Education)		
84.367	NCLB: Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality	14334	80,184
	Total U.S. Department of Education		406,060
U.S. Departn	nent of Agriculture		
Passed throu	igh California Department of Education		
10.555	Child Nutrition: Meal Supplements in National	13524	626,822
	School Lunch Program - Monetary Assistance		
10.555	Child Nutrition: Meal Supplements in National	13524	10,867
	School Lunch Program - Nonmonetary Assistance		
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster	*	637,689
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		637,689
U.S. Departn	nent of Health and Human Services		
Passed throu	igh Colusa County Office of Education		
93.778	Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	10060	12,742
	Passed through State of California		
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		12,742
	Total Federal Programs		\$ 1,056,491
*	Tested as a major program		

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Adopted Budget 2017/2018	Actuals 2016/2017	Actuals 2015/2016	Actuals 2014/2015
<u>General Fund</u>				
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 15,824,160	\$ 15,702,289	\$ 15,450,014	\$ 12,793,105
Expenditures Other Uses and Transfers Out	16,149,915 20,000	15,545,261 17,413	14,945,070 17,787	12,872,590 67,337
Total Outgo	16,169,915	15,562,674	14,962,857	12,939,927
Change in Fund Balance	(345,755)	139,615	487,157	(146,822)
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,482,189	\$ 1,827,944	\$ 1,688,329	\$ 1,201,172
Available Reserves	\$ 485,098	\$ 466,881	\$ 448,886	\$ 388,198
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties	\$ 485,098	\$ 466,881	\$ 448,886	\$ 388,198
Unappropriated Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 19,330,512	\$ 19,670,172	\$ 17,076,988	\$ 15,175,276
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	1,401	1,404	1,401	1,379

The general fund balance has increased by \$479,950 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2017-18 budget projects a decrease of \$345,755. For a District this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 3 percent of total general fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo). The District met this requirement.

The District had an operating surplus in two of the past three fiscal years.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$4,494,896 over the past two years due to the addition of the net pension liability and issuance of bonds.

Average Daily Attendance (ADA) has increased by 25 over the past two years and ADA is budgeted to decrease for the fiscal year 2017-18.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes in the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

2. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206. Districts must maintain their instructional minutes in accordance with the State's standard requirements as required by Education Code Section 46201(b).

The District participated in the Longer Day incentives and met or exceeded its target funding.

3. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

4. Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Fund Financial Reports to the audited financial statements.

5. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity of the District and is presented under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) requires a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with the Uniform Guidance and state requirements. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts used in the preparation of the general purpose financial statements. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The following schedule provides a reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amount consists of the fair value of federal food commodities received from the California Department of Education as a pass-through grant from the U.S. Department of Agriculture that are not reflected in the financial statements.

	Federal Catalog	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures		\$ 1,045,624
and Changes in Fund Balance		
Reconciling items		
Food Distribution - Commodities	10.555	10,867
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,056,491

6. Schedule of Financial Trends And Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Colusa Unified School District Colusa, California

Report on Compliance for Each State Program

We have audited the compliance of Colusa Unified School District (the "District") with the types of compliance requirements described in the State of California's 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Management's Responsibility

Compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations is the responsibility of District's management.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2016-17 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the state laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

Procedures Performed
renormed
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
No, see below
Yes
Yes
Yes
Yes
No, see below
Yes
Yes
No, see below
No, see below

	Procedures
Description	Performe d
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Mental Health Expenditures	No, see below
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After Schools Education and Safety Program	
General requirements	Yes
After School	Yes
Before School	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Fund	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	No, see below
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

We did not perform any procedures related to Continuation Education because the Average Daily Attendance reported for the program is not material for compliance purposes.

We did not perform any procedures related to Early Retirement Incentive Program, Juvenile Court Schools, Middle or Early College High School, Independent Study-Course Based or the Before School portion of After School Education and Safety because the District did not offer these programs.

We did not perform any procedures related to Mental Health Expenditures as the district did not have any expenditures for this program in the current year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Immunizations as the district submitted immunization assessment reports to the California Department of Public Health (CDPH).

We did not perform any procedures related to Contemporaneous Records of Attendance for Charter Schools, Mode of Instruction for Charter Schools, Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools, Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction for Charter Schools, Annual Instructional Minutes-Classroom-Based for Charter Schools, and Charter School Facility Grant Program because the District did not have any charter schools.

Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, Colusa Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2017.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants Sacramento, California November 7, 2017



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Colusa Unified School District Colusa, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Colusa Unified School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants Sacramento, California November 7, 2017



James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants

Accounting, Auditing, Consulting and Tax

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Colusa Unified School District Colusa, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Colusa Unified School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency or compliance with a type of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance to the prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

James Marta + Company LLP

James Marta & Company LLP Certified Public Accountants Sacramento, California November 7, 2017

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section I – Summary of Audit Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance, Section 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No
Identification of major programs:	
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.555	Name of Federal Program or Cluster Child Nutrition Cluster
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	<u>X</u> Yes <u>No</u>
State Awards	
Internal control over state programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes X No Yes X None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

<u>Section II – Financial Statement Findings</u>

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Section IV – State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017